

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE MIDDLE DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

TELLY ROYSTER,

Plaintiff,

v.

Secretary BEARD, et al.,

Defendants.

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CIVIL NO. 3:CV-05-2063

(Judge Caputo)

MEMORANDUM

I. Background

Plaintiff, Telly Royster, an inmate at the Fayette State Correctional Institution in LaBelle, Pennsylvania, commenced this *pro se* action with a civil rights complaint filed pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983. Plaintiff alleges that while he was previously incarcerated at the State Correctional Institution in Camp Hill (“SCI-Camp Hill”), he was assaulted by prison officials, denied medical treatment for the resulting injuries, deprived of various privileges, and Defendants conspired to conceal the foregoing improprieties. Pending before the Court is the Plaintiff’s motion for appointment of counsel (Doc. 33). For the reasons that follow, the motion will be denied.

II. Discussion

Although litigants have no constitutional or statutory rights to appointment of counsel in a civil case, the Court does have broad discretionary power to appoint counsel under 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(1). *Montgomery v. Pinchak*, 294 F.3d 492, 498 (3d Cir. 2002) (citing *Tabron v. Grace*, 6 F.3d 147, 153 (3d Cir. 1993)); *see also Ray v. Robinson*, 640 F.2d 474, 477 (3d Cir. 1981). In *Tabron*, the Third Circuit Court of Appeals developed a list of criteria to aid the district courts in weighing the appointment of counsel for indigent civil litigants.

As a threshold matter, a district court must assess whether the claimant's case has some arguable merit in fact and law. *Tabron*, 6 F.3d at 155. If a claimant overcomes this threshold hurdle, the Third Circuit Court of Appeals identified a number of factors that a court should consider when assessing a claimant's request for counsel. These include (1) the Plaintiff's ability to present his own case, (2) the difficulty of the particular legal issues, (3) the degree to which factual investigation will be necessary and the ability of the Plaintiff to pursue investigation, (4) the Plaintiff's capacity to retain counsel on his own behalf, (5) the extent to which a case is likely to turn on credibility determinations, and (6) whether the case will require testimony from expert witnesses. *Id.* at 155-57. Furthermore, the appointment of counsel for an indigent litigant should be made when circumstances indicate "the likelihood of substantial prejudice to him resulting, for example, from his probable inability without such assistance to present the facts and legal issues to the court in a complex but arguably meritorious case." *Smith-Bey v. Petsock*, 741 F.2d 22, 26 (3d Cir. 1984).

Here, Plaintiff's motion fails to set forth sufficient circumstances to warrant appointment of counsel. Assuming, solely for the purpose of deciding this motion, that Plaintiff's complaint has arguable merit, Plaintiff has not demonstrated that he is incapable of presenting comprehensible arguments. Plaintiff has set forth his complaint in legibly handwritten, understandable paragraphs. The legal issues are relatively uncomplicated, are not likely to require expert testimony or investigation, and the Court cannot say, at least at this point, that Plaintiff will suffer prejudice if he is forced to prosecute this case on his own.

Therefore, Plaintiff's motion for appointment of counsel will be denied. In the event,

however, that future proceedings demonstrate the need for counsel, the matter may be reconsidered either by the Court, on its own initiative, or upon a properly filed motion by the Plaintiff. An appropriate Order follows.

Dated: April 17, 2006

/s/ A. Richard Caputo
A. RICHARD CAPUTO
United States District Judge

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(Judge Caputo)

ORDER

AND NOW, THIS 17th DAY OF APRIL, 2006, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT

Plaintiff's motion for appointment of counsel (Doc. 33) is **DENIED**. If future proceedings demonstrate the need for counsel, the matter may be reconsidered either by the court, on its own initiative, or upon a motion properly filed by the Plaintiff.

/s/ A. Richard Caputo

A. RICHARD CAPUTO

United States District Judge